Dyslexia Awareness Week

What is Dyslexia?

Dyslexia is a neurobiological disorder that affects the development of both decoding (written word pronunciation) and encoding (spelling).

Students with dyslexia have difficulty reading fluently and spelling words accurately, even after years of teaching.

People with dyslexia who read and write in English read slower, they spell words as they sound, they usually hate reading and they may reverse symbols and letters in their writing.

Some Common Misconceptions

Myth—Students who flip numbers and letters have dyslexia.

Fact—Some students with dyslexia show this feature, but it is not the key feature of dyslexia. Laborious reading and poor spelling are.

Myth—Dyslexia can be cured with enough reading and spelling practice.

Fact—Dyslexia can not be cured because it is a disorder of the brain.

What does text look like?

Text may move and jump over the page. Swedish web developer Victor Widell came up with the idea after his dyslexic friend told him letters seemed to swap in and out of place when she looked at the words.

Dixsyeia is cerhitzeacrad by dulfcftiiy with Inrienag to raed ftulleny and with aratcuce cinsprmooheen dsipete naroml ilngnteliece. Tihs includes duilcffity with peaghloioonl aawnseers, poochaginll deeidong, pesconisrg speed, ohotrhaigrpc cindog, atrdouiy short-trem meromy, lagnugae slkils/vbreal coeospienrmhn, and/or rpiad nmniag.

Dapvenlemoetl rndieag didoresr (DRD) is the msot coommn linnerag distiblay. Delsixya is the most reeincgozd of rndiaeg dsirderos, hewover not all reidnag doerdsris are lekind to dxyelisa.

Smoe see dxsyeila as dncsiitt form rnadieg deffuliitcis reustling form oethr cseaus, scuh as a non-ngcielruooal dcifeniecy wtih vision or hrnaeig, or poor or iaeuatdnqe rnidaeg irsttciuonn. Three are three peorpsod citognive supeybts of deislxya (adtuiroy, vaisul and ainentattol), atlughoh idanivuidl ceass of dilsxeya are bteetr eplaxiend by seicfpic uyrdnlineg nlcsyaoecoruhigpol dfitecis and co-ocnricurg Inreniag datiilsbiies (e.g. atniotetn-diecift/hpitacevtiyry dosdreir, math dbiiasltiy, etc.). Aloghuth it is corsdneied to be a rietevcpe laagnuge-based Iniraneg ditibsialy in the rarseech Ituerirtae. devlxsia aslo aetffcs one's epxirvsese Inaaugge siklls.

To view the simulation visit:

http://www.dailymail.co.uk/sciencetech/article-3480257/ What-s-REALLY-like-read-dyslexia-Simulator-revealsletters-words-appear-people-condition.html

If you require any more information about dyslexia or you want to talk to someone about dyslexia in school then please talk to Mrs J Ellis, Mrs Havenhand or Mrs Geach.



